Characteristic	All Events ¹	All events and exposures (code 0000)
Total:	43	43
Employee status:		
Wage and salary ² Self-employed ³	38 5	38 5
Gender:		
Women		·
Men		
Age:		
Under 16 years		
16 to 17 years		
18 to 19 years		
20 to 24 years		
25 to 34 years	7	7
35 to 44 years	6	6
45 to 54 years	11	
55 to 64 years	13	13
65 years and over		
Race or ethnic origin ⁴ :		
White (non-Hispanic)	23	23
Black or African-American (non-Hispanic)		
Hispanic or Latino	14	14
American Indian or Alaska Native (non-Hispanic)		
Asian (non-Hispanic)	4	4
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (non-Hispanic)		
Person of multiple races (non-Hispanic)		
Other races or not reported (non-Hispanic)		
Primary source ^{1,5} :		
Chemicals and chemical products	3	3
Containers, furniture, and fixtures		·
Machinery	3	3
Agricultural and garden machinery		·
Construction, logging, and mining machinery		

	I	1
Material and personnel handling machinery		
Parts and materials		
Machine, tool, and electric parts		
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals		8 8
Personother than injured or ill worker		4 4
Relative or domestic partner of injured or ill worker		
Co-worker or work associate of injured or ill worker		
Assailant, suspect, inmate		
Robber		
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed		
Trees, logs, limbs		
Structures and surfaces		6 6
Buildingsoffice, plant, residential		
Structures other than buildings		
Scaffolds, staging		
Other structural elements		1 1
Roofs		1 1
Tools, instruments, and equipment		
Ladders		
Vehicles	1	.9 19
Highway vehicles, motorized	1	.7 17
Passenger vehiclesautomobiles, buses, and passenger vans		
Trucksmotorized freight hauling and utility	1	.4 14
Multi-purpose highway vehicles		
Off-road and industrial vehiclespowered		
Industrial vehicles, material hauling and transportpowered		
Forklift, order picker, platform truckpowered		
Tractors, PTOs		
Secondary source ^{1,6} :		
Chemicals and chemical products		
Containers, furniture, and fixtures		
Machinery		
Parts and materials		
Machine, tool, and electric parts		
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals		
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed		
Trees, logs, limbs		
Structures and surfaces		1 11
Confined spaces		
Structures other than buildings		
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces		6
Tools, instruments, and equipment		5
Vehicles		5
Highway vehicles, motorized		5 5
Off-road and industrial vehiclespowered		5
	I	

Nature ¹ :	
Traumatic injuries to bones, nerves, spinal cord	
Traumatic injuries to muscles, tendons, ligaments, joints, etc.	
Open wounds	4
Gunshot wounds	4
Surface wounds and bruises	
Burns and corrosions	
Intracranial injuries	7
Effects of environmental conditions	
Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	19
Burns and other injuries, except fractures	
Intracranial injuries and injuries to internal organs	11
Other traumatic injuries and disorders	3
Asphyxiations, strangulations, suffocations	3
Drownings	
Electrocutions, electric shocks	
Internal injuries to organs and blood vessels of the trunk	3
Other poisoning, toxic, noxious, or allergenic effects	3
Part of body ¹ :	
Head	9
Neck, including throat	1
Trunk	6
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	1
Back, including spine, spinal cord	
Upper extremities	
Lower extremities	
Body systems	7
Multiple body parts	20
Head and neck	
Head, neck, and trunk	
Head and trunk	
Other multiple body parts	3
Whole body	
Worker activity:	
Vehicular and transportation operations	19
Using or operating tools, machinery	
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	
Protective service activities	2
Material handing operations	
Physical activities, n.e.c.	
Other activities	2
Tending an establishment, waiting on customers	1

Location:		
Home	9	9
Farm		
Mine and quarry		
Industrial place and premises	8	8
Place for recreation and sport		
Street and highway	16	16
Public building	4	
Residential institution		
Occupation ⁷ :		
Management Occupations		
Business and Financial Operations Occupations		-
Computer and Mathematical Occupations		
Architecture and Engineering Occupations	1]
Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations	-	
Community and Social Services Occupations		
Legal Occupations		
Education, Training, and Library Occupations		
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations		
Healthcare Practitioner and Technical Occupations		
Healthcare Support Occupations		
Protective Service Occupations		
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations		
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations		
Personal Care and Service Occupations		
Sales and Related Occupations		-
Office and Administrative Support Occupations		
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations		
Construction and Extraction Occupations	9	ç
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations		
Production Occupations	3	3
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	17	17
Military Specific Occupations ⁸		
Private industry ⁹ :	40	40
Goods producing		
Natural resources and mining ¹⁰		
Construction	13	13
Manufacturing		
Service providing		
Trade, transportation, and utilities	16	16
Information		
Financial activities		
Professional and business services		-
Educational and health services		
	I I	

Leisure and hospitality	3 3			
Other services, except public administration				
Sovernment ¹¹ :				
Federal government				
State government				
Local government				
Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.				
May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation. Cases where employment status is unknown are included in the counts of wage	e and salary workers.			
Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated	prated businesses or members of partnerships.			
⁴ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanic and Latino workers. Cases where ethnicity is unknown are included in counts of non-Hispanic workers.				
⁵ The primary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, bodily motion, or exposure which most directly led to, produced, or inflicted the injury or illness.				
⁶ The secondary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, or exposure, other than the source, if any, which most actively generated the source or contributed to the injury or illness.				
⁷ CFOI has used several versions of the Standard Occupation Classification (SOC) system since 2003 to define occupation. For complete information on the version of SOC used in this year, see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Cases where occupation is unknown are included in the total.				
Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.				
⁹ CFOI has used several versions of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) since 2003 to define industry. For complete information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Cases where ownership is unknown are included in private industry counts. Cases classified as foreign government and other government are included in all government counts, but not displayed separately. Cases where industry is unknown are included in the service sector counts.				
¹⁰ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.				
¹ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.				
Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. For complete information on how the data are coded and presented see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatal injury counts exclude llness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.				
ource: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of	Fatal Occupational Injuries, April 11, 2023			